

**CURRICULUM REQUIREMENTS**

Rule 53 of the Legal Profession Admission Rules sets out the subjects making up the curriculum:

**GROUP A**

- 01 Legal Institutions
- 02 Criminal Law and Procedure
- 03 Torts
- 04 Contracts
- 05 Real Property
- 06 Australian Constitutional Law
- 07 Equity
- 08 Commercial Transactions
- 09 Administrative Law
- 10 Law of Associations
- 11 Evidence
- 12 Taxation and Revenue Law
- 13 Succession
- 14 Conveyancing
- 15 Practice and Procedure
- 17 Legal Ethics
- 24 Jurisprudence

**GROUP B**

- 16 Insolvency
- 18 Conflict of Laws
- 19 Family Law
- 20 Local Government and Planning
- 21 Industrial Law
- 22 Intellectual Property
- 23 Public International Law
- 25 Trade Practices

A Student-at-Law who has passed all the subjects in Group A (opposite) and three of the subjects in Group B is eligible for the award of the Diploma in Law and has satisfied the academic requirements for admission as a Lawyer of the Supreme Court of New South Wales. Their position with respect to eligibility for admission is exactly the same as that of a person with an accredited law degree from a New South Wales university.

In addition to completing the Board's examinations or an accredited law degree a person who wishes to be admitted as a lawyer must complete a course of practical legal training (PLT) and satisfy English language proficiency requirements, if applicable before applying for admission. Details of PLT providers are given on page 48.

A student who has, prior to 1 May 1993, passed the Board's examination in Preliminary Law is required to complete all of the subjects appearing in Group A, apart from Legal Institutions, and two of the subjects appearing in Group B.



NSW Law Courts Building